

computations, the Secretary determines whether a State is eligible for the fiscal year 1992 grant (a grant that is awarded on or after July 1, 1992 from funds appropriated in the fiscal year 1992 appropriation) by comparing expenditures from the second preceding fiscal year—fiscal year 1990 (October 1, 1989–September 30, 1990)—with expenditures from the third preceding fiscal year—fiscal year 1989 (October 1, 1988–September 30, 1989). If there has been no decrease in expenditures from fiscal year 1989 to fiscal year 1990, the State has maintained effort and is eligible for its fiscal year 1992 grant.

Computation based on program year. If a State chooses to use a program year running from July 1 to June 30 as the basis for its maintenance of effort computation, the Secretary determines whether a State is eligible for funds for the fiscal year 1992 grant by comparing expenditures from the second preceding program year—program year 1990 (July 1, 1989–June 30, 1990)—with expenditures from the third preceding program year—program year 1989 (July 1, 1988–June 30, 1989). If there has been no decrease in expenditures from program year 1989 to program year 1990, the State has maintained effort and is eligible for its fiscal year 1992 grant.

(b) *Expenditures to be considered.* In determining a State's compliance with the maintenance of effort requirement, the Secretary considers the expenditures described in § 461.41(c).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1209(b))

§ 461.43 Under what circumstances may the Secretary waive the maintenance of effort requirement?

(a) The Secretary may waive, for one year only, the maintenance of effort requirement in § 461.42 if the Secretary determines that a waiver would be equitable due to exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances. These circumstances include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) A natural disaster.
- (2) An unforeseen and precipitous decline in financial resources.
- (b) The Secretary does not consider a tax initiative or referendum to be an

exceptional or uncontrollable circumstance.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1209(b)(2))

§ 461.44 How does a State request a waiver of the maintenance of effort requirement?

An SEA seeking a waiver of the maintenance of effort requirement in § 461.42 shall—

- (a) Submit to the Secretary a request for a waiver; and
- (b) Include in the request—(1) The reason for the request; and
- (2) Any additional information the Secretary may require.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1830-0501)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1209(b)(2))

§ 461.45 How does the Secretary compute maintenance of effort in the event of a waiver?

If a State has been granted a waiver of the maintenance of effort requirement that allows it to receive a grant from appropriations for a fiscal year, the Secretary determines whether the State has met that requirement for the grant to be awarded for the year after the year of the waiver by comparing the amount spent for adult education from non-Federal sources in the second preceding fiscal year (or program year) with the amount spent in the fourth preceding fiscal year (or program year.)

EXAMPLE

Because exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances prevented a State from maintaining effort in fiscal year 1990 (October 1, 1989–September 30, 1990) or in program year 1990 (July 1, 1989–June 30, 1990) at the level of fiscal year 1989 (October 1, 1988–September 30, 1989) or program year 1989 (July 1, 1988–June 30, 1989), respectively, the Secretary grants the State a waiver of the maintenance of effort requirement that permits the State to receive its fiscal year 1992 grant (a grant that is awarded on or after July 1, 1992 from funds appropriated in the fiscal year 1992 appropriation). In order to determine whether a State has met the maintenance of effort requirement and therefore is eligible to receive its fiscal year 1993